

A Step-by-Step Guide to

Rapid Entire Body Assessment (REBA)

Rapid Entire Body Assessment (REBA) is an ergonomic assessment tool in the public domain. You can view the original source materials here:

Source: [Hignett and McAtamney, 2000](#)


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INTRODUCTION TO REBA

This ergonomic assessment tool uses a systematic process to evaluate whole body postural MSD and risks associated with job tasks. A single page worksheet is used to evaluate required or selected body posture, forceful exertions, type of movement or action, repetition, and coupling.



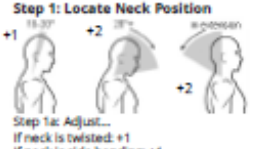
REBA Employee Assessment Worksheet

Task Name: _____

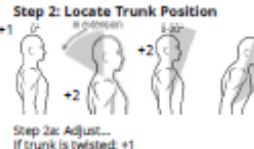
Date: _____

A. Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis


Step 1: Locate Neck Position



Step 2: Locate Trunk Position



Step 3: Legs



Step 4: Look-up Posture Score in Table A

Using values from steps 1-3 above, Locate score in Table A

Step 5: Add Force/Load Score

If load < 11 lbs.: +0
 If load 11 to 22 lbs.: +1
 If load > 22 lbs.: +2
 Adjust: if shock or rapid build up of force: add +1

Step 6: Score A, Find Row in Table C

Add values from steps 4 & 5 to obtain Score A. Find Row in Table C.

Scoring

1 = Negligible Risk
 2-3 = Low Risk. Change may be needed.
 4-7 = Medium Risk. Further Investigate. Change Soon.
 8-10 = High Risk. Investigate and Implement Change
 11+ = Very High Risk. Implement Change

Scores

Table A

	Neck												
	1				2				3				
Legs	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	
Trunk	1	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	3	3	5	6
Posture	2	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6	4	5	6	7
Score	4	3	5	6	7	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	9
	5	4	6	7	8	6	7	8	9	7	8	9	9

Table B

	Lower Arm						
	1			2			
Wrist	1	1	2	2	1	2	3
Upper Arm	2	1	2	3	2	3	4
Score	3	3	4	5	4	5	5
	4	4	5	5	5	6	7
	5	6	7	8	7	8	8
	6	7	8	8	8	9	9

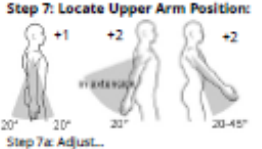
Table C

Score A	Score B											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	7
2	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	8
3	2	3	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8
4	3	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9
5	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9
6	5	6	6	6	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	10
7	7	7	7	8	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	11
8	8	8	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11
9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12
10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12
11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

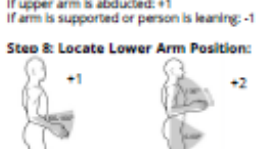
Table C Score + **Activity Score** = **REBA Score**

B. Arm and Wrist Analysis

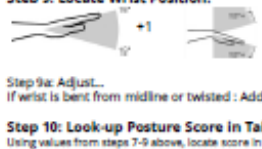
Step 7: Locate Upper Arm Position:



Step 8: Locate Lower Arm Position:



Step 9: Locate Wrist Position:



Step 10: Look-up Posture Score in Table B

Using values from steps 7-9 above, locate score in Table B

Step 11: Add Coupling Score

Well fitting handle and mid range power grip, good: +0
 Acceptable but not ideal hand hold or coupling acceptable with another body part, fair: +1
 Hand hold not acceptable but possible, poor: +2
 No handles, awkward, unsafe with any body part, unacceptable: +3

Step 12: Score B, Find Column in Table C

Add values from steps 10 & 11 to obtain Score B. Find column in Table C and match with Score A in row from step 6 to obtain Table C score.

Step 13: Activity Score

+1 1 or more body parts are held for longer than 1 minute (static)
 +1 Repeated small range actions (more than 4x per minute)
 +1 Action causes rapid large range changes in postures or unstable base

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based on Technical note: Rapid Entire Body Assessment (REBA), Hignett, McAtamney, Applied Ergonomics 31 (2000) 201-205

The REBA was designed for easy use without need for an advanced degree in ergonomics or expensive equipment. You only need the worksheet and a pen. On second thought, you probably should finish reading and studying this guide, and I suppose a clipboard would help as well. Using the REBA worksheet, the evaluator will assign a score for each of the following body regions: wrists, forearms, elbows, shoulders, neck, trunk, back, legs and knees. After the data for each region is collected and scored, tables on the form are

then used to compile the risk factor variables, generating a single score that represents the level of MSD risk:

Score	Level of MSD Risk
1	negligible risk, no action required
2-3	low risk, change may be needed
4-7	medium risk, further investigation, change soon
8-10	high risk, investigate and implement change
11+	very high risk, implement change

Getting Ready

The evaluator should prepare for the assessment by interviewing the worker being evaluated to gain an understanding of the job tasks and demands, and observing the worker's movements and postures during several work cycles. Selection of the postures to be evaluated should be based on: 1) the most difficult postures and work tasks (based on worker interview and initial observation), 2) the posture sustained for the longest period of time, or 3) the posture where the highest force loads occur. The REBA can be conducted quickly, so multiple positions and tasks within the work cycle can usually be evaluated without a significant time/effort cost. When using REBA, only the right or left side is assessed at a time. After interviewing and observing the worker the evaluator can determine if only one arm should be evaluated, or if an assessment is needed for both sides.

USING THE REBA – EXAMPLE

The REBA worksheet is divided into two body segment sections on the labeled A and B. Section A (left side) covers the neck, trunk, and leg. Section B (right side) covers the arm and wrist. This segmenting of the worksheet ensures that any awkward or constrained postures of the neck, trunk or legs which might influence the postures of the arms and wrist are included in the assessment.

Score Group A (Trunk, Neck and Legs) postures first, then score Group B (Upper Arms, Lower Arms, and Wrists) postures for left and right. For each region, there is a posture scoring scale and additional adjustments which need to be considered and accounted for in the score.

Steps 1-3: Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis



A. Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis

Step 1: Locate Neck Position

Step 1a: Adjust...
If neck is twisted: +1
If neck is side bending: +1

Step 2: Locate Trunk Position

Step 2a: Adjust...
If trunk is twisted: +1
If trunk is side bending: +1

Step 3: Legs

Scores

Table A		Neck											
		1				2				3			
Trunk Posture Score	Legs	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	3	3	5	6	
	2	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6	4	5	6	
	3	2	4	5	6	4	5	6	7	5	6	7	
	4	3	5	6	7	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	
5	4	6	7	8	6	7	8	9	7	8	9		

Table B		Lower Arm					
		1			2		
Upper Arm Score	Wrist	1	2	3	1	2	3
	1	1	2	2	1	2	3
	2	1	2	3	2	3	4
	3	3	4	5	4	5	5
	4	4	5	5	5	6	7
	5	6	7	8	7	8	8
6	7	8	8	8	9	9	

Score A	Table C											
	Score B											
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

Note: In step 2, a +2 score was used for trunk position (0-20 degrees) and +1 was added for the side bending adjustment (when viewed from behind, worker was left side bending approximately 10 degrees) for a total score of +3.

Steps 4-6: Calculate the score for Group A as outlined below:

A. Neck, Trunk and Leg Analysis

Step 1: Locate Neck Position

Step 1a: Adjust...
If neck is twisted: +1
If neck is side bending: +1

Neck Score: 1

Step 2: Locate Trunk Position

Step 2a: Adjust...
If trunk is twisted: +1
If trunk is side bending: +1

Trunk Score: 3

Step 3: Legs

Leg Score: 1

Step 4: Look-up Posture Score in Table A
Using values from steps 1-3 above, Locate score in Table A

Posture Score A: 2

Step 5: Add Force/Load Score
If load < 11 lbs.: +0
If load 11 to 22 lbs.: +1
If load > 22 lbs.: +2
Adjust: If shock or rapid build up of force: add +1

Force / Load Score: 1

Step 6: Score A, Find Row in Table C
Add values from steps 4 & 5 to obtain Score A. Find Row in Table C.

Score A: 3

Scores

Table A	Neck											
	1				2				3			
Legs	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Trunk	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	3	3	5	6
Posture	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6	4	5	6	7
Score	3	2	4	5	4	5	6	7	5	6	7	8
	4	3	5	6	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	9
	5	4	6	7	6	7	8	9	7	8	9	9

Table B	Lower Arm						
	1			2			
Wrist	1	2	3	1	2	3	
Upper Arm Score	1	1	2	2	1	2	3
	2	1	2	3	2	3	4
	3	3	4	5	4	5	5
	4	4	5	5	5	6	7
	5	6	7	8	7	8	8
	6	7	8	8	8	9	9

Score A	Table C											
	Score B											
1	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	7
2	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	8
3	2	3	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8
4	3	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9
5	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9
6	6	6	6	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	10	10
7	7	7	7	8	9	9	9	10	10	11	11	11
8	8	8	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11
9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	12
10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12
11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

+=

Table C Score
Activity Score
REBA Score

Scoring

- 1 = Negligible Risk
- 2-3 = Low Risk. Change may be needed.
- 4-7 = Medium Risk. Further Investigate. Change Soon.
- 8-10 = High Risk. Investigate and Implement Change
- 11+ = Very High Risk. Implement Change

Step 4: Using values from steps 1-3, locate the score for this step in table A.

Step 5: Add the force score to this box. In this case, the weight of the component part inserted by the worker is 11.5 lbs. Therefore, the score for this step is +1.

Step 6: Add the values in step 4 and 5 to obtain score A. Find row for Score A in Table C and circle value.

Steps 7-9: Right Arm and Wrist Analysis



Scores

Table A

		Neck											
		1				2				3			
	Legs	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
Trunk	1	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	3	3	5	6
Posture	2	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6	4	5	6	7
Score	3	2	4	5	6	4	5	6	7	5	6	7	8
	4	3	5	6	7	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	9
	5	4	6	7	8	6	7	8	9	7	8	9	9

Table B

		Lower Arm					
		1			2		
	Wrist	1	2	3	1	2	3
Upper Arm Score	1	1	2	2	1	2	3
	2	1	2	3	2	3	4
	3	3	4	5	4	5	5
	4	4	5	5	5	6	7
	5	6	7	8	7	8	8
	6	7	8	8	8	9	9

Table C

B. Arm and Wrist Analysis

Step 7: Locate Upper Arm Position:

Step 7a: Adjust...
 If shoulder is raised: +1
 If upper arm is abducted: +1
 If arm is supported or person is leaning: -1

Step 8: Locate Lower Arm Position:

Step 9: Locate Wrist Position:

Final Scores:
 Upper Arm Score: 6
 Lower Arm Score: 2
 Wrist Score: 3

Note: In step 7 the right upper arm is raised more than 90 degrees for a score of +4, a total adjustment of +2 is added because the shoulder is raised (+1) and the upper arm is abducted (+1) for a total score of +6. In step 8, a +2 score was used due to the arm position outside of the neutral range. In step 9, a twisting adjustment of +1 was added to the position score of +2 for a total wrist score of +3.

Steps 10-13: Calculate the score for Group B as outlined below:

Scores

Table A		Neck											
		1				2				3			
Legs		1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4											
Trunk Posture Score	1	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	3	3	5	6
	2	2	3	4	5	3	4	5	6	4	5	6	7
	3	2	4	5	6	4	5	6	7	5	6	7	8
	4	3	5	6	7	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	9
5		4	6	7	8	6	7	8	9	7	8	9	9

Table B		Lower Arm					
		1			2		
Wrist		1 2 3 1 2 3					
Upper Arm Score	1	1	2	2	1	2	3
	2	1	2	3	2	3	4
	3	3	4	5	4	5	5
	4	4	5	5	5	6	7
	5	6	7	8	7	8	8
	6	7	8	8	8	9	9

Score A	Table C												
	Score B						Score B						
1	1	1	1	2	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	7	7
2	1	2	2	3	4	4	5	6	6	7	7	8	8
3	2	3	3	3	4	5	6	7	7	8	8	8	8
4	3	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9
5	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	9	9	9
6	6	6	6	7	8	8	9	9	10	10	10	10	10
7	7	7	7	8	9	9	9	10	10	11	11	11	11
8	8	8	8	9	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11
9	9	9	9	10	10	10	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
10	10	10	10	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12
11	11	11	11	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

B. Arm and Wrist Analysis

Step 7: Locate Upper Arm Position:

Step 7a: Adjust...
 If shoulder is raised: +1
 If upper arm is abducted: +1
 If arm is supported or person is leaning: -1

Step 8: Locate Lower Arm Position:

Step 9: Locate Wrist Position:

Step 9a: Adjust...
 If wrist is bent from midline or twisted: Add +1

Step 10: Look-up Posture Score in Table B
 Using values from steps 7-9 above, locate score in Table B

Step 11: Add Coupling Score
 Well fitting Handle and mid rang power grip, *good*: +0
 Acceptable but not ideal hand hold or coupling acceptable with another body part, *fair*: +1
 Hand hold not acceptable but possible, *poor*: +2
 No handles, awkward, unsafe with any body part, *Unacceptable*: +3

Step 12: Score B, Find Column in Table C
 Add values from steps 10 & 11 to obtain Score B. Find column in Table C and match with Score A in row from step 6 to obtain Table C Score.

Step 13: Activity Score
 +1 1 or more body parts are held for longer than 1 minute (static)
 +1 Repeated small range actions (more than 4x per minute)
 +1 Action causes rapid large range changes in postures or unstable base

Upper Arm Score: **6**

Lower Arm Score: **2**

Wrist Score: **3**

Posture Score B: **9**

Coupling Score: **1**

Score B: **10**

Table C Score: **8** + Activity Score: **1** = REBA Score: **9**

Upper Arm Score: **6**

Lower Arm Score: **2**

Wrist Score: **3**

Posture Score B: **9**

Coupling Score: **1**

Score B: **10**

Table C Score: **8** + Activity Score: **1** = REBA Score: **9**

Step 10: Using values from steps 7-9, locate the posture score for this step in table B.

Step 11: Add the coupling score. In this case, the coupling is considered fair (+1).

Step 12: First, add the values in step 10 and 11 to obtain score B. Next, find column in Table C and match with Score A in row from step 6 to obtain Table C Score.

Step 13: The Activity Score is +1 due to job requiring small range actions (more than 4x per minute). The Final REBA Score = Table C Score + Activity Score

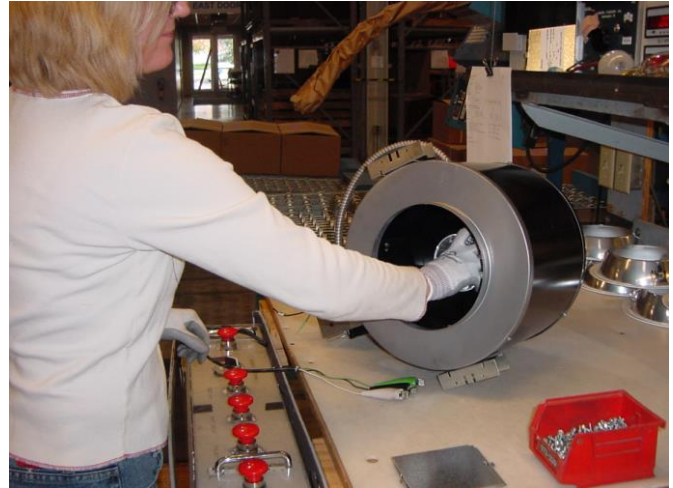
Final REBA Score = 9

In this case, the final REBA score of 9 indicates high risk and calls for further investigation and engineering and/or work method changes to reduce or eliminate MSD risk (see table on page 1).

After further investigation, it was determined by the worker and the department group leader that a different method could be used to perform this task. See before/after pictures and new REBA results below:



Previous Method



New Method

A follow-up analysis using the REBA worksheet was performed. Using the new work method, the final REBA score was reduced from 9 to 4.

For additional help measuring and recording task variables, register for our advanced ergonomic assessment training course. [Click here to learn more.](#)

CONDUCT FASTER AND MORE ACCURATE ERGONOMIC ASSESSMENTS

Ergonomic assessments are a foundational element of any ergonomics process. Don't settle for slow, inaccurate, below average risk assessments.

The ergonomic assessment training course through the E+ Education website will help you become an ergonomic assessment expert using recommended ergonomic assessment tools.

When you register, you get unlimited lifetime access to the following:

NIOSH Lifting Equation

- Course
- Toolkit (calculator, data collection sheet, and examples)
- Course Comprehension Quiz
- Certificate of Completion

Rapid Entire Body Assessment (REBA)

- Course
- Toolkit (calculator, data collection sheet, and examples)
- Course Comprehension Quiz
- Certificate of Completion

Rapid Upper Limb Assessment (RULA)

- Course
- Toolkit (calculator, data collection sheet, and examples)
- Course Comprehension Quiz
- Certificate of Completion

WISHA Lifting Calculator

- Course
- Toolkit (calculator, data collection sheet, and examples)
- Course Comprehension Quiz
- Certificate of Completion

Snook Tables

- Course
- Toolkit (calculator, data collection sheet, and examples)
- Course Comprehension Quiz
- Certificate of Completion

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